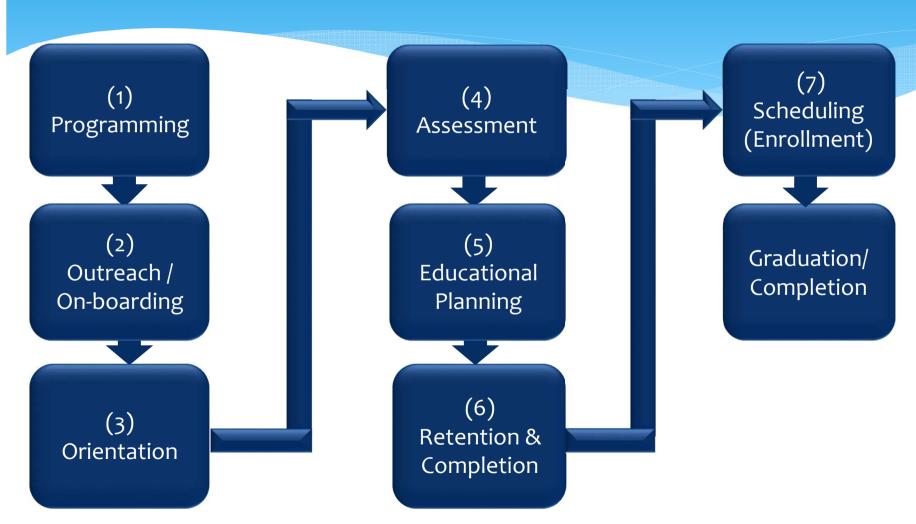
## Enrollment Management Case Studies

Dr. Gregory Peterson
Vice President of Student Support Services
Long Beach City College

Dr. Omid Pourzanjani
Vice President of Instruction and Student Learning
Golden West College



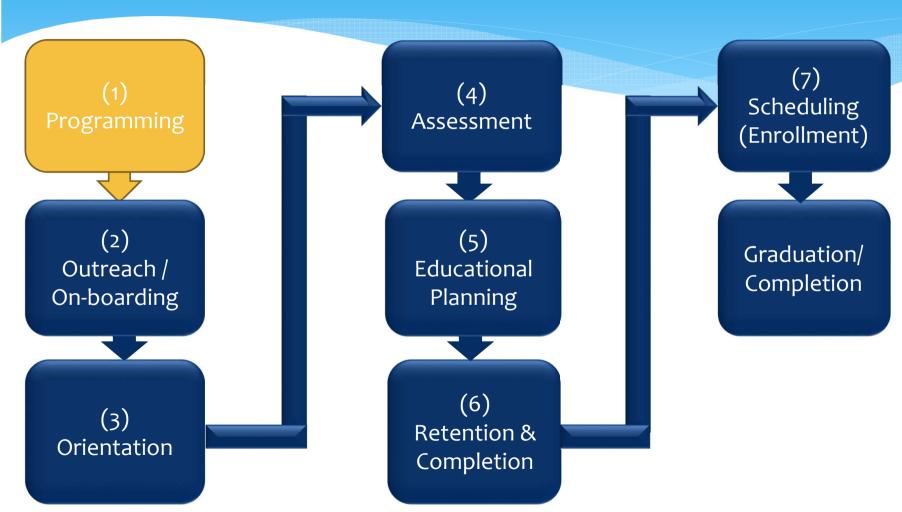
## **Recruitment to Completion**



#### Overview

- \* Look at how different components come together to create an enrollment management plan
- \* Examples are provided to help you brainstorm your own possibilities
- Most ideas are pilots Scaling is recent, in progress, or planned
- \* A focus on access through completion and success is new/renewed

### **Recruitment to Completion**

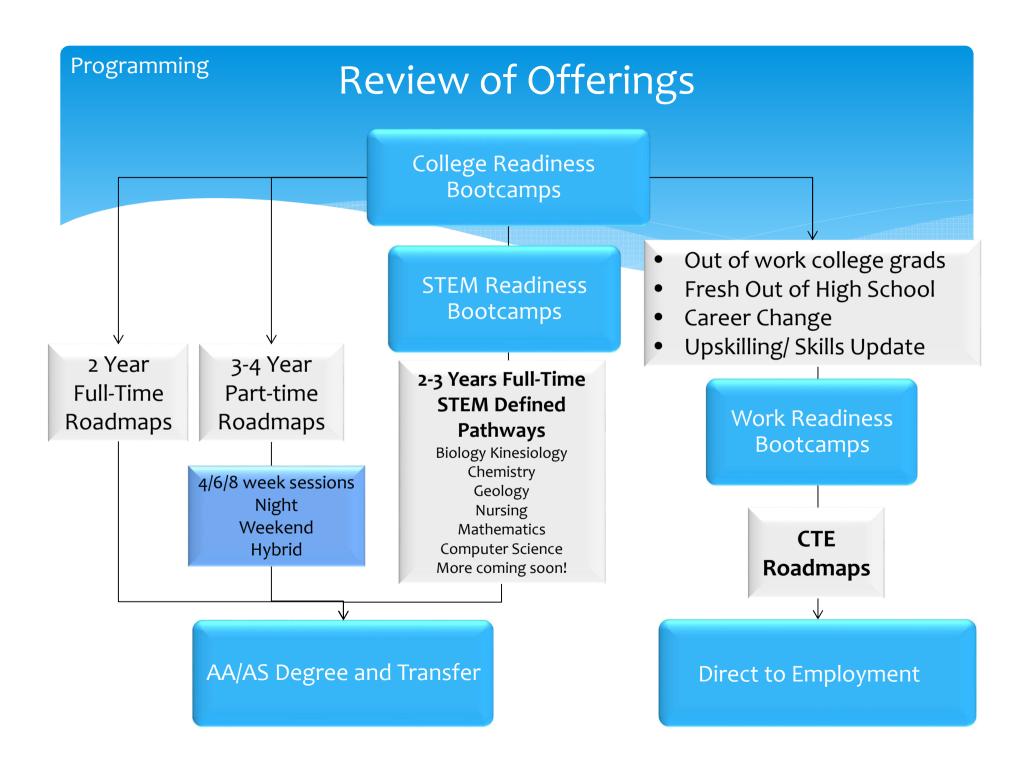


# Area 1: Programming

How do you define and articulate to potential students the educational opportunities provided by your college?

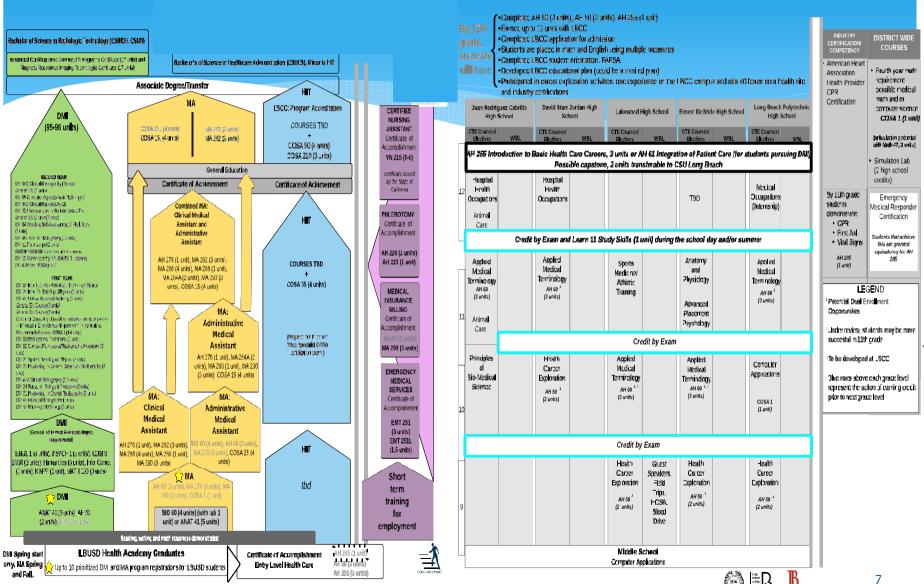
#### **Session Example Strategies:**

- Completing a comprehensive review of offerings and marketing plan
- Developing k-16 career pathways
- Targeted accelerated university transfer programs



#### Programming

### K-16 Career Pathways





**Programming** 

## Accelerated University Transfer Programs

- \* ADTs are gaining popularity
- \* Random course taking patterns versus major pathways and "cohorts"
- \* CSUin2 is an example of this model

## Programming CSUin2 Two-Year Daytime Pathway

		Year	One	Year Two		
	Summer	Fall	Spring	Fall	Spring	
	College 100 or	Engl 100 (4) - 72 Hrs 7 Sections * 30	Math 160 (4) - 72 Hrs 7 Sections * 30	Engl 110 (3) - 54 Hrs 7 Sections * 30	BIOL 100 (4) -108 Hrs 2*100 + 7 * 30	
GE Courses	COUN 104	4 LHE * 7 HLED 100 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 section * 210 3 LHE * 2	4 LHE * 7 Hist 170 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 section * 210 3 LHE * 2	4 LHE * 7  Anth 100 (3) - 54 Hrs  1 Section * 210  3 LHE * 2	3 LHE * 1.5 * 2 + 2.25 LHE * 7  Phil 120 (3) -54 Hrs  1 Section * 210  3 LHE * 2	
CSU-GE & IGETC (Blue) CSU-GE Only (Gray)		Psych 100 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 section * 210 3 LHE * 2	Comm 110 (3) - 54 Hrs 7 Sections * 30 3 LHE * 7	ASTR 100 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 Section * 210 3 LHE * 2		
		Art 100 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 Section * 210 3 LHE * 2	PSCI 180 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 Section * 210 3 LHE * 2			
Major/Cert	or/Cert		TBD (3) 7 Sections * 30 3 LHE * 7	TBD (6) 7 Sections * 30 * 2 3 LHE * 7 * 2	TBD (6) 7 Sections * 30 * 2 3 LHE * 7 * 2	
Other	SOAR + English & Math Refresher			Prepare University Apps		
Units		16	16	15	13	
Schedule		Monday-Thursday 0800-Noon 1:00 -2:00 PM	Monday-Thursday 0800-Noon 1:00 -2:00 PM	Monday-Thursday 0800-Noon 1:00 -2:00 PM	Monday-Thursday 0800-Noon	
Cost (LHE) for each group of 210 Students		67	9 82	82	72.75	
Potential FTES / Group						

## Programming CSUin2 Two-Year – Evening Pathway

		Year	One	Y	fear Two		
	Summer		Spring	Fall	Spring		
	Coll Prep course?		Math 160 (4) - 72 Hrs 7 Sections * 30	Engl 110 (3) - 54 Hrs 7 Sections * 30	BIOL 100 (4) -108 Hrs 2*100 + 7 * 30		
GE Courses CSU-GE & IGETC (Blue) CSU-GE Only (Gray)	COLVE	4 LHE * 7 HLED 100 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 section * 210 3 LHE * 2	4 LHE * 7 Hist 170 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 section * 210 3 LHE * 2	4 LHE * 7  Anth 100 (3) - 54 Hrs  1 Section * 210  3 LHE * 2	3 LHE * 1.5 * 2 + 2.25 LHE * 7		
		Psych 100 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 section * 210 3 LHE * 2	Comm 110 (3) - 54 Hrs 7 Sections * 30 3 LHE * 7				
ONLINE		Art 100 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 Section * 210 3 LHE * 2	PSCI 180 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 Section * 210 3 LHE * 2	ASTR 100 (3) - 54 Hrs 1 Section * 210 3 LHE * 2	Phil 120 (3) -54 Hrs 1 Section * 210 3 LHE * 2		
Major/Cert	or/Cert		TBD (3) 7 Sections * 30 3 LHE * 7	TBD (6) 7 Sections * 30 * 2 3 LHE * 7 * 2	TBD (6) 7 Sections * 30 * 2 3 LHE * 7 * 2		
Other	SOAR + English & Math Refresher			Prepare University Apps			
Units		16	16	15	13	6	
Schedule		Monday-Thursday 6:00-10:00 PM Plus One Online Class	Monday-Thursday 6:00-10:00 PM Plus One Online Class	Monday-Thursday 6:00-10:00 PM Plus One Online Class	Monday-Thursday 6:00-10:00 PM Plus One Online Class		
Cost (LHE) for each group of 210 Students		67	10 82	82	72.75		
Potential FTES / Group						8	

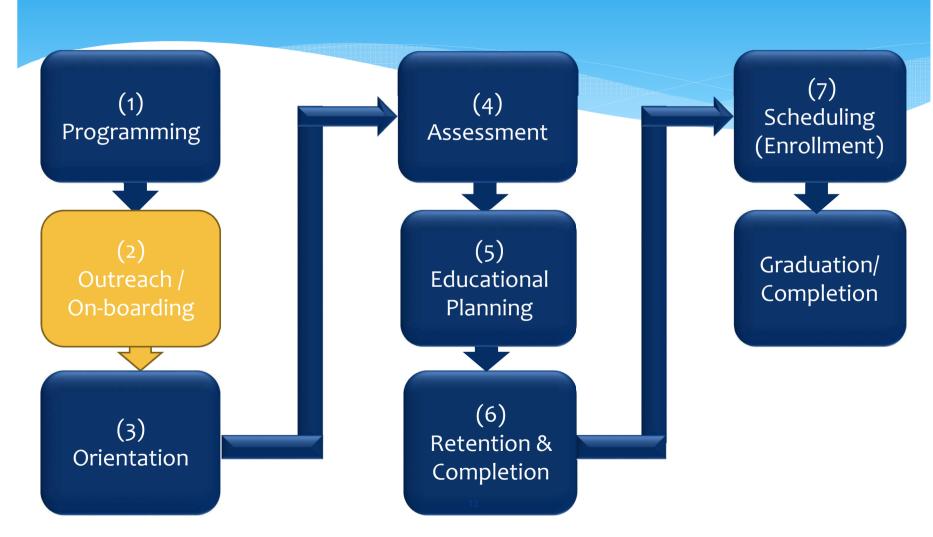
# Area 1: Programming

How do you define and articulate to potential students the educational opportunities provided by your college?

#### Things to discuss and consider:

- Need an inventory of programs you have and the gaps
- Consider logical sequences of course-taking patterns
- Consider interest and demand
- How would you message and promote your offering?

## **Recruitment to Completion**



# Area 2: Outreach & Onboarding

How do you attract potential students and get them connected to your college?

#### **Session Example Strategies:**

- Strengthening K-16 partnership or implementing "promise" agreements
- Targeted on-campus freshman outreach activities
- Leveraging industry ties to CTE programs

Outreach & Onboarding

## K-16 Partnerships & Promise Agreements

#### **College Promise Agreements:**

- 1. Early outreach/universal commitment
- 2. Pipeline from CC to University
- 3. Student Incentives

4<sup>th</sup>/5<sup>th</sup> Grade Tours, 6<sup>th</sup> Grade Commitment

LBUSD-LBCC-CSULB (+LBC)

LB College Promise Scholarship

**Priority Admissions** 

**Priority Registration** 

Multiple Measures Assessment



Outreach & Onboarding

### **On-Campus Freshman Outreach**

- \* Turning visitors into applicants (25% increase)
  - \* College Application workshops and Financial Aid workshops during College Preview Day and Chican@/Latin@ Day
- \* Increasing services during Freshmen Priority Day
  - \* Registering students in guided workshops
  - \* Adding Financial Aid workshops

Outreach & Onboarding

### **CTE Industry Ties**

#### **Long Beach Culinary Arts Program**

- \* Capitalizing on media attention of new facilities
- \* Leverage advisory boards to market program and build capacity
- \* Provide community/student "engagement points"





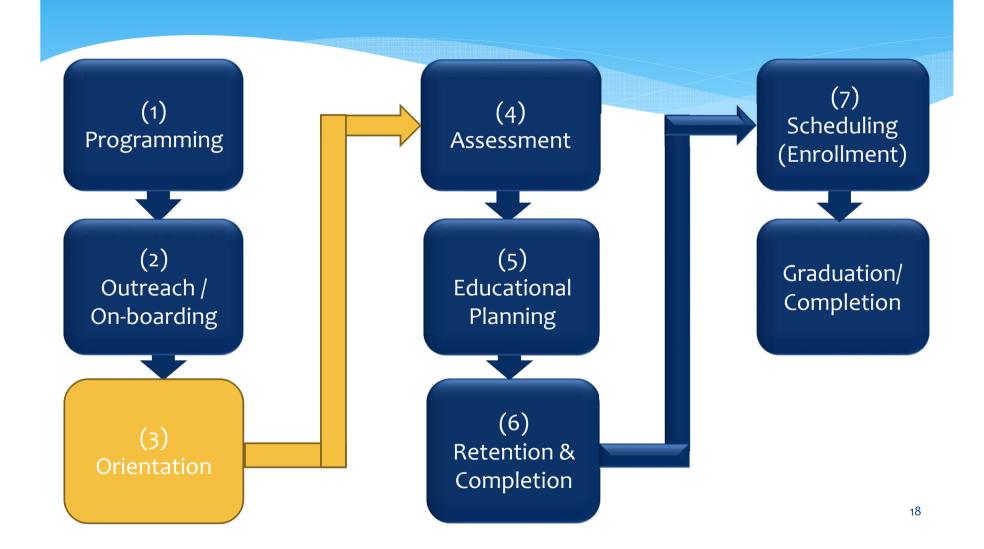
# Area 2: Outreach & Onboarding

How do you attract potential students and get them connected to your college?

#### Things to discuss and consider:

- What relationships can you leverage?
- What are the programs you will be known for?
- How do you get potential students on campus and connected?

## **Recruitment to Completion**

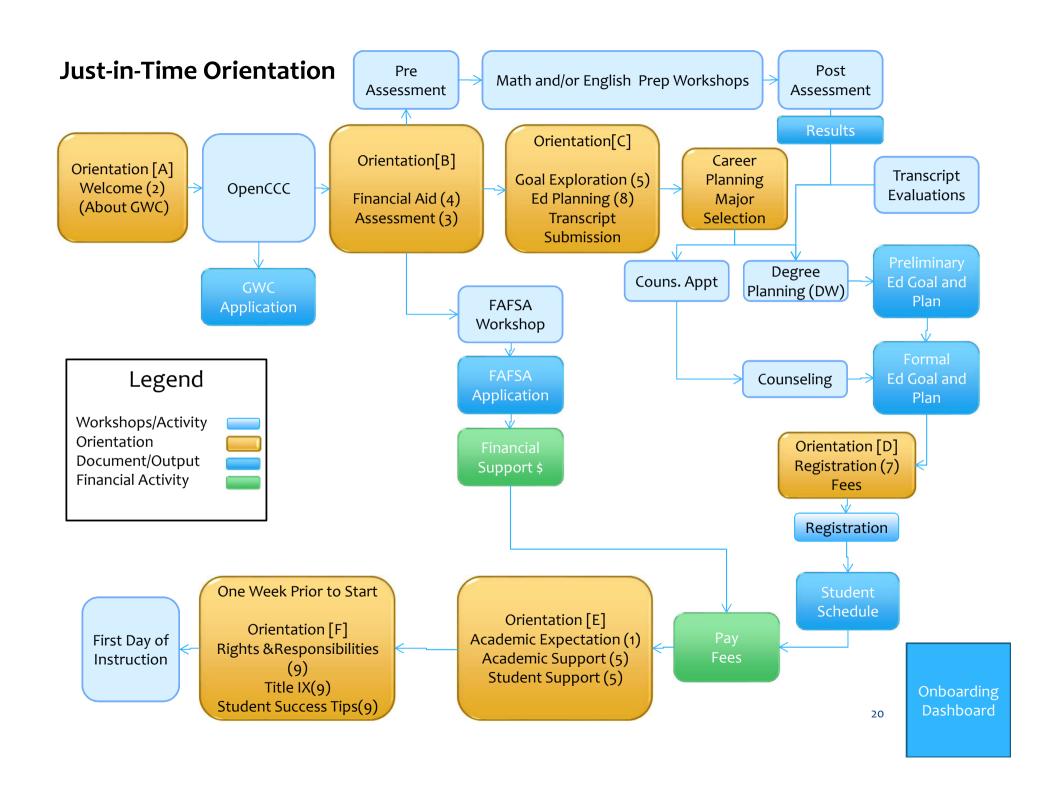


## Area 3: Orientation

How do you ensure that new students have the information they need to navigate the college's systems and ultimately enroll in and successfully complete classes?

#### **Session Example Strategies:**

- Implementing just-in-time orientation models
- Program-specific orientations



#### Orientation

## **Program-Specific Orientations**

- \* The purpose of the orientation is to:
  - Provide a program overview, including safety requirements
  - \* Provide math skill assessment and opportunity to test out of Electrical Mathematics course and advance directly to next level
  - \* Outline certificate and degree requirements and assist with course selection
- \* Nearly 30% (278 of 969) of students passed math assessment, testing out of ELEC 202 (Electrical Mathematics)
- \* Course success rates increased on average 20 percentage points







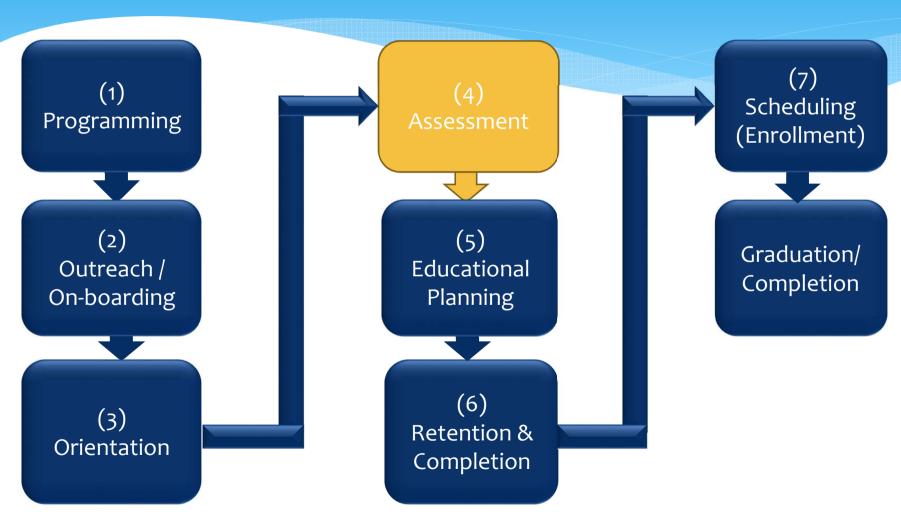
## Area 3: Orientation

How do you ensure that new students have the information they need to navigate the college's systems and ultimately enroll in and successfully complete classes?

#### Things to discuss and consider:

- Where are the best points in time to provide information?
- What are the best formats/mediums to provide information?

## **Recruitment to Completion**



#### Area 4:

## Assessment

How do you ensure that students are appropriately placed into college-level coursework so that they have the best chance to successfully complete certificate, degree, and transfer requirements?

#### **Session Example Strategies:**

- Employing pre-assessment workshops
- Piloting multiple measures assessment models
- Using co-requisite models

### Math Attrition in Basic Skills

With somewhat lower per class success rates, the outcome for students starting from three levels below in the math sequence is even starker, as shown in Figure 2.

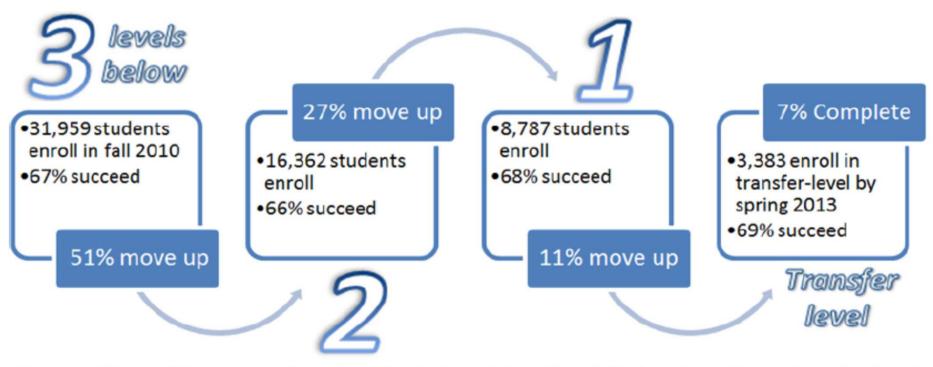


Figure 2. Statewide progression of students from three levels below transfer to transfer-level math from fall 2010 through spring 2013.

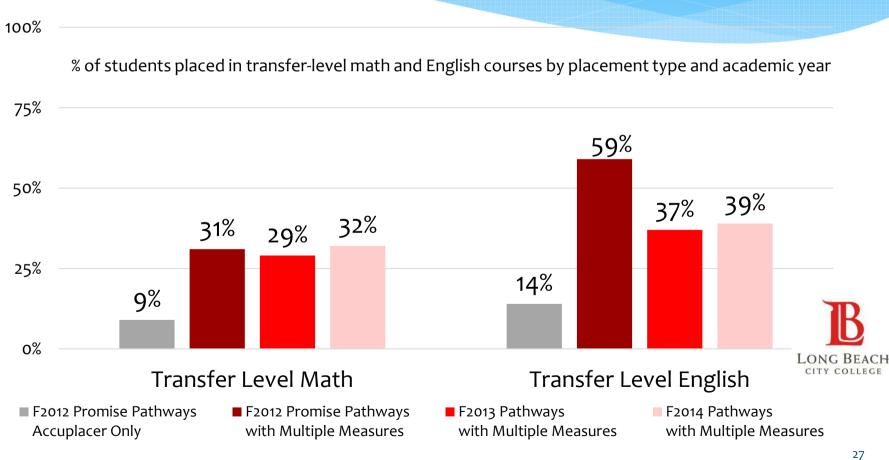
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> http://datamart.cccco.edu/Outcomes/BasicSkills Cohort Tracker.aspx

## Employing Pre-Assessment Workshops

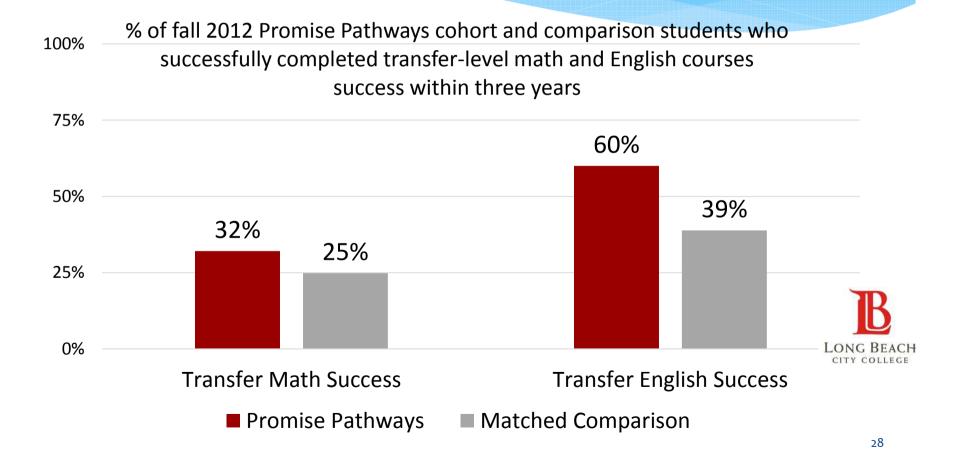
#### Math Prep Workshop Results from Local High School

YEAR	Total Tested	Number Tested	Math 005	Math 008	Math 010	Math 10 Consider taking the EAT	Math 020/ 030	Math 100- 160 Not 140	Math 100- 160	Math 170	Math 180	Take Elem. Algebra Test	Take Interm. Algebra Test
2012	74	50	3	4	16	0	17	5	0	1	3	0	1
2013	48	16	0	0	1	0	11	2	0	1	0	1	0
2014	96	66	0	0	17	2	30	6	0	2	6	0	3
2015 pre-test	79	79	-	< M1054	18	0	6		1	1			
2015 post-test	79	59	0	0	0	0	25	3	7	5	4	8	7

## Piloting Multiple Measures



## Piloting Multiple Measures



## Using Co-Requisite Models



**Integrate needed support in college-level gateway courses.** Depending on the needs of students, three methods are most effective:

- **1. Single-semester, co-requisite approaches** deliver remediation to students enrolled in traditional single-semester, college-level gateway courses.
- **2. One-course pathways** stretch common single-semester gateway courses over two semesters instead, benefitting students in need of more academic help while ensuring them full credit that counts toward degrees.
- **3. Parallel remediation** is effective for students enrolled in career technical or applied degree programs. Any academic shortcomings are addressed in connection to the program of study, so needed English and math remediation do not become obstacles to beginning coursework.

#### Area 4:

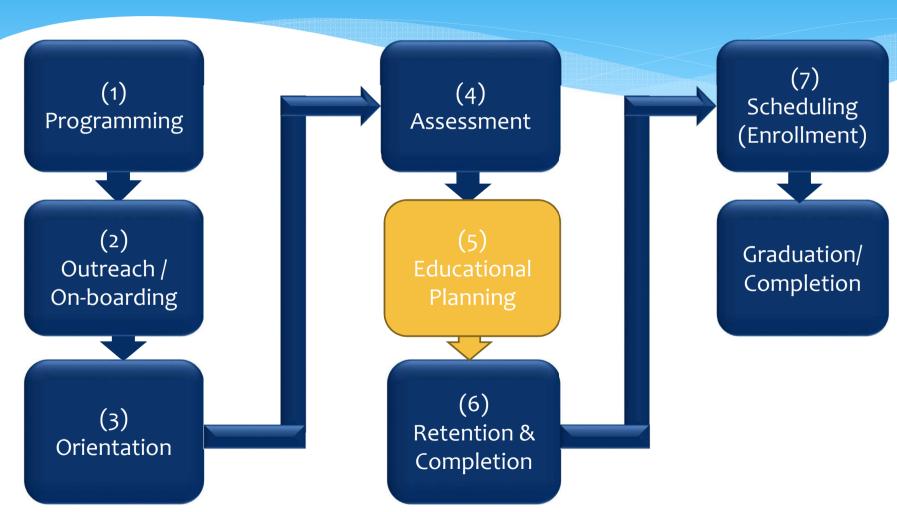
## Assessment

How do you ensure that students are appropriately placed into college-level coursework so that they have the best chance to successfully complete certificate, degree, and transfer requirements?

#### Things to discuss and consider:

- How can you make assessment less of a barrier?
- How can you accelerate student progress while ensuring readiness?

### **Recruitment to Completion**



### Area 5:

## **Educational Planning**

How do you guide students to identify a meaningful academic goal and give them clear directions and support in order to achieve that goal in a timely manner?

#### **Session Example Strategies:**

- Leveraging abbreviated and comprehensive Student Education Plans (SEPs)
- Scaling counseling models
- Linking SEPs to schedule creation

#### **Ed Planning**

## Leveraging SEPs

#### **Existing vs. New Students**

	Student I		
	Existing	New	Total
CTE Cert Only	2400	400	
EOPS	750	250	
DSPS	700	200	
International	200	100	
Athletes	200	100	
ESL	500	100	
Major Known	2000	200	
1-2 courses	2500	400	
Freshman Priority		1000	
Other Major Unknown	4000	1000	
Financial Aid			
Total	13250	3750	17000

**Ed Planning** 

## **Scaling Counseling Models**

Full Time Counselors						
Counselors		10				
Avg Salary	\$	120,000				
hrs/counl/year		1200				
Total counl						
Hrs		12000				
Cost/hr	\$	100.00				

		Abbr	Full
Part-time Coun	selors	SEP	SEP
Cost/hr	55		
Catego. Funds	\$ 350,000		
Hours	6087		
Workshops	40%	9180	1020
eSEP	10%	609	
Express	10%	609	
regular	10%		609
Other	30%		
		10397	1629

#### **Ed Planning**

## Linking SEP to Schedule Creation

- \* How accurate is our SEP data?
- \* How accessible is our SEP data?
- \* How closely are students following their SEPs?
- \* How do you incentivize a student to follow an SEP?
- \* How many colleges are they maintaining SEPs at?
- \* Tying priority registration to courses on SEPs

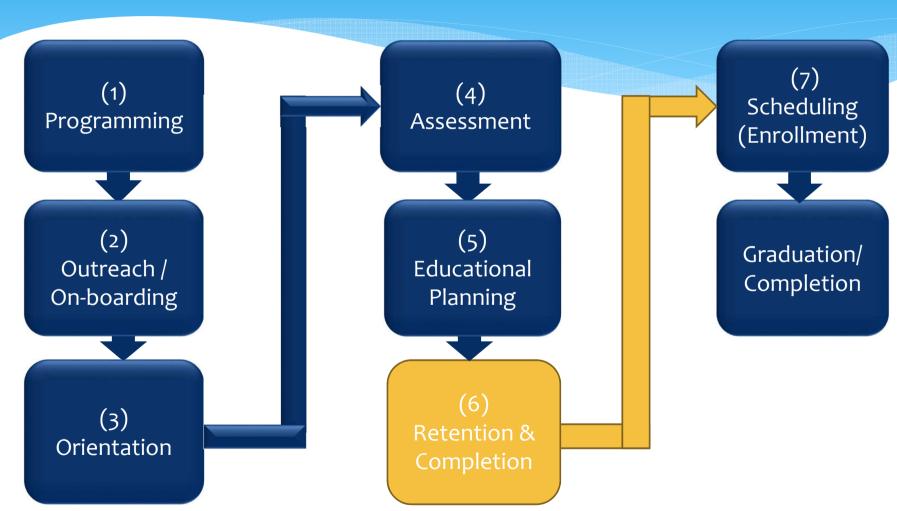
## Area 5: Educational Planning

How do you guide students to identify a meaningful academic goal and give them clear directions and support in order to achieve that goal in a timely manner?

#### **Session Example Strategies:**

- How can you get more students on a guided pathway earlier?
- How can SEPs inform your scheduling process?

## **Recruitment to Completion**



# Area 6: Retention & Completion

How do you keep students engaged and progressing towards their academic goals? How do you help them achieve their goals?

### **Session Example Strategies:**

- Employing tuition fee payment strategies and other financial supports for students
- Using proactive "nods and nudges" to communicate to students vs. compliance communication
- Detecting near finishers early & identifying overlooked completers

Retention & Completion

# **Employing Financial Supports**

	All	# < \$50	# < \$100	# < \$150	# < \$200
Count	569	159	178	192	299
\$ Total	\$ 206,732	\$ 5,993	\$ 7,381	\$ 9,117	\$27,816
Sections	1681	498	559	585	773
Sec/stud	2.95	3.13	3.14	3.05	2.59
FTES	173	51	57	60	80

Drop for Non-Payment From 717 to 17 Retention & Completion

# Payment Strategies & Financial Supports

- \* Dropping for Non-Payment
- \* Emphasizing FAFSA Deadline/Timely Awarding
- \* Availability of Textbooks—Textbook Vouchers
- Streamlined Promise Scholarship
- \* Student Payment Plans

Retention & Completion

# **Nods and Nudges**















Retention & Completion

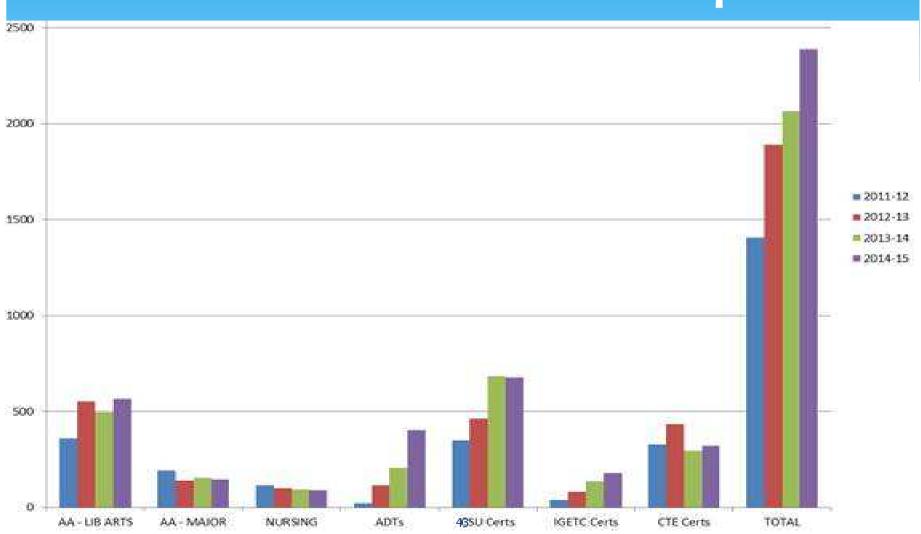
# Focusing on Success: Nods and Nudges

[Sending probation/disqual letters each semester]

- Sending out letters to first-semester and first-year completers congratulating them
- \* Tracking and connecting with students that have finished 30 units with the college
- \* Searching through records for students that are 2-3 courses from completion

Which is harder: Getting new students or keeping the ones the college has?

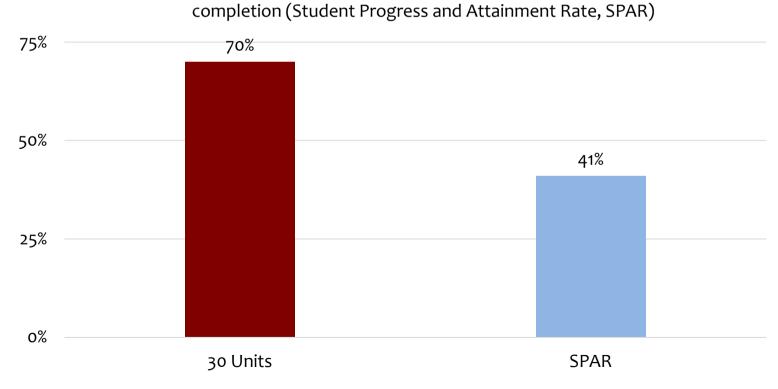
# **Early Detection of Near Finishers or Overlooked Completers**



# **Early Detection of Near Finishers or Overlooked Completers**

% of 2008-09 cohort students who achieved 30 units and % who achieved

100%



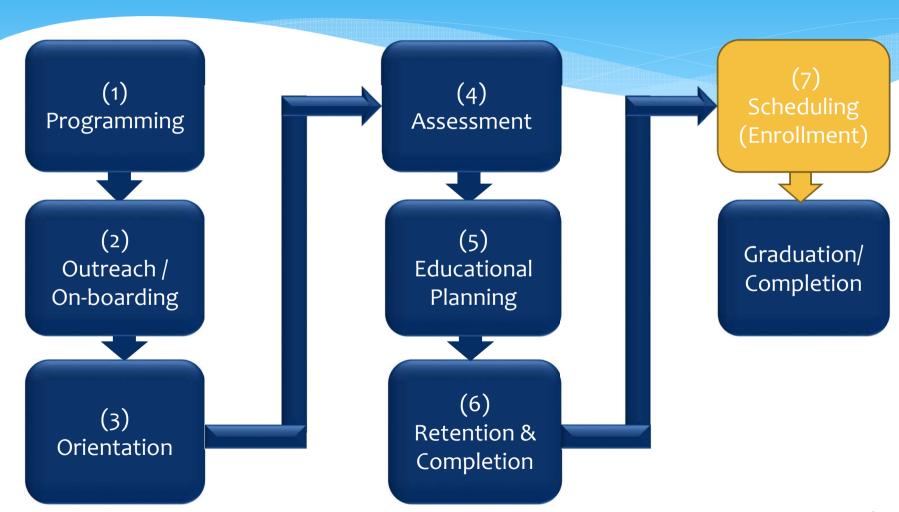
# Area 6: Retention & Completion

How do you keep students engaged and progressing towards their academic goals? How do you help them achieve their goals?

## Things to discuss and consider:

- Improving financial support strategies such as delaying-drops and textbook vouchers
- Using positive reinforcements
- Proactively monitoring students' success

## **Recruitment to Completion**



# Area 7: Scheduling

How do you most efficiently schedule courses in order to increase student persistence and completion?

### **Session Example Strategies:**

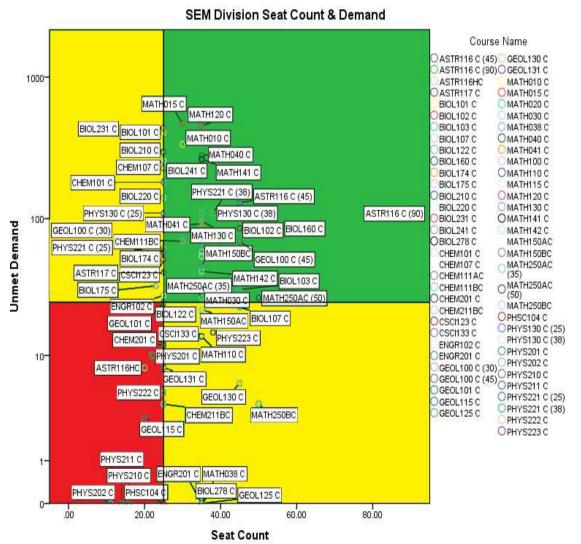
- Employing regular schedule analysis
- Monitoring waitlists and success rates
- Establishing course priorities

## Regular Schedule Analysis

### Year Ahead vs. JIT

- \* How much of your schedule should be published a year in advance?
- \* Disconnecting scheduling from faculty assignments!
- \* How much of the schedule should be Just-in-Time?
- \* Consideration for random demands?
- \* Consideration for student educational plans?

## Demand vs. Contribution

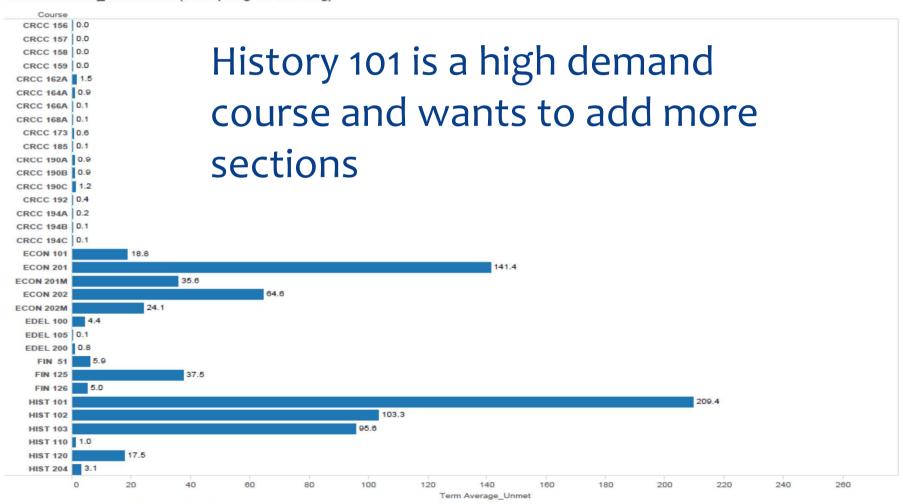


**Four Quadrants** 

- \* Green (Q1): High demand, High capacity
- \* Amber (top left) (Q2): High demand, low capacity
- Red (Q3): Low demand, low capacity
- Amber (bottom right)(Q4): Low demand,high capacity

# **Monitoring Waitlists**

#### Unmet Section All Courses (Fall-Spring 14-Sem Avg)



Avg. Fillrate

Completion Rate Avg. Success Rate

Completion Rate Success Rate Avg. Fillrate

Completion Rate Success Rate Avg. Fillrate

Success Rate

Avg. Fillrate Completion Rate Avg. Success Rate Avg. Fillrate Completion Rate Avg. Success Rate

Avg. Completion Rate

## Solid Fill Ratio, Completion, and Success

#### 5-Yr Avg by Section; Fill- Completion- Success- Rates Measure Names Course / Class Nbr / Acad Group **HIST 101 HIST 102** 21133 24311 26837 21412 21413 21414 21415 21416 21417 21506 21507 21508 21509 HUMSS 1.4 1.2 8.0 Alue 0.6 0.4 0.2

Avg. Fillrate, Avg. Completion Rate and Avg. Success Rate for each Acad Group broken down by Course and Class Nbr. Color shows details about Avg. Fillrate, Avg. Completion Rate and Avg. Success Rate. The data is filtered on Term and Acad Group (group). The Term filter keeps 6 of 6 members. The Acad Group (group) filter keeps BUS & HUMSS. The view is filtered on Class Nbr, which keeps 4,695 of 5,239 members.

Avg. Fillrate

Avg. Completion Rate Avg. Success Rate

Avg. Fillrate

Avg. Completion Rate Avg. Success Rate Success Rate

Avg. Fillrate Completion Rate Avg. Success Rate Avg. Fillrate Completion Rate Avg. Success Rate Avg. Fillrate

Avg. Completion Rate

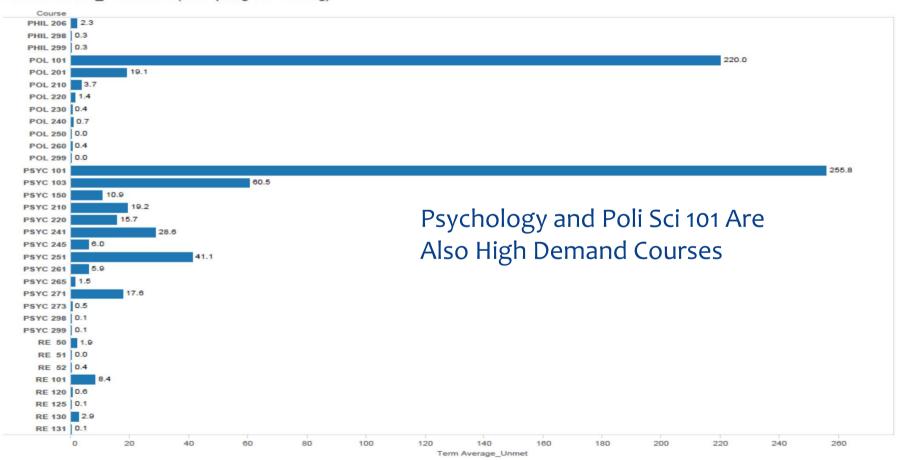
Avg. Fillrate

Avg. Completion Rate

Avg. Success Rate

## **Establishing Course Priorities**

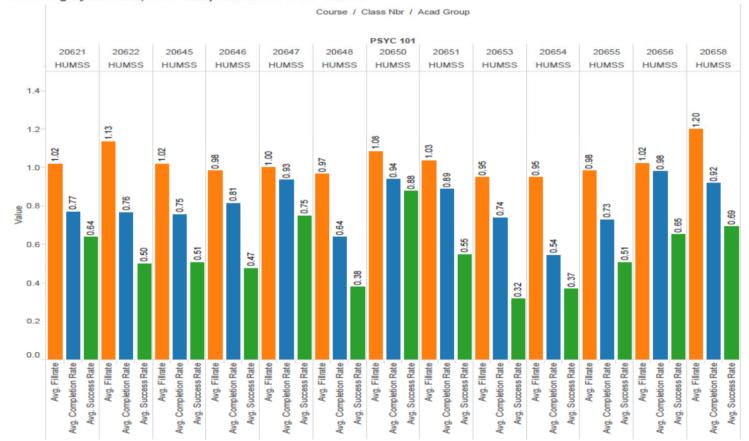
#### Unmet Section All Courses (Fall-Spring 14-Sem Avg)



Term Average Unmet for each Course. The data is filtered on Term and Division. The Term filter keeps 14 of 21 members. The Division filter keeps BUS and HUMSS.

## To Add or Not To Add PSYCH 101?





Avg. Fillrate, Avg. Completion Rate and Avg. Success Rate for each Acad Group broken down by Course and Class Nbr. Color shows details about Avg. Fillrate, Avg. Completion Rate and Avg. Success Rate. The data is filtered on Term and Acad Group (group). The Term filter keeps 6 of 6 members. The Acad Group (group) filter keeps BUS & HUMSS. The view is filtered on Class Nbr, which keeps 4,695 of 5,239 members.

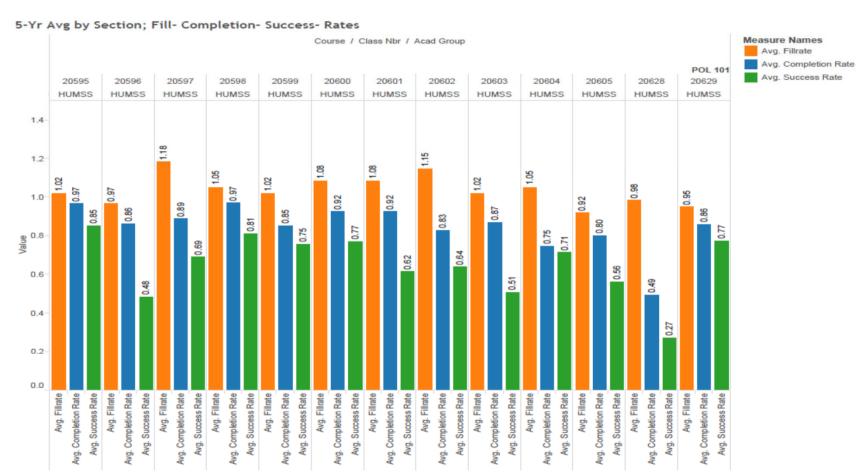
Measure Names

Avg. Fillrate

Avg. Completion Rate

Avg. Success Rate

## What Would You Do?



Avg. Fillrate, Avg. Completion Rate and Avg. Success Rate for each Acad Group broken down by Course and Class Nbr. Color shows details about Avg. Fillrate, Avg. Completion Rate and Avg. Success Rate. The data is filtered on Term and Acad Group (group). The Term filter keeps 6 of 6 members. The Acad Group (group) filter keeps BUS & HUMSS. The view is filtered on Class Nbr, which keeps 4,695 of 5,239 members.

# Area 7: Scheduling

How do you most efficiently schedule courses in order to increase student persistence and completion?

### Things to discuss and consider:

- Tools and practices for schedule analysis
- Tools and practices for monitoring enrollment trends
- Establishing course priorities

# Q&A Discussion

# Enrollment Management Case Studies

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