## IEPI

## Calculating and Understanding FTES

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## IEPI

Q: How is Apportionment Revenue allocated?
A: Student Centered Funding Formula:
> 70\% of CC apportionment funding is calculated on the basis of Full-time Equivalent Students (FTES) in attendance, as reported to the Chancellor's Office on the CCFS-320 Report three times each year.
> This $70 \%$ is now based upon a 3 -year average of FTES as calculated by the Chancellor's Office for each district.
> This may change to 60\% FTES-based in 2020-21.

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## College of the Sequoias

FTES history and enrollment management as an example of Community College FTES calculations and projections

IEPICollege of the Sequoias Enrollment Management Team
Meets Monthly - Led by VP Administrative Services
Members:

- Vice President - Academic Services
- Vice President - Administrative Services
- Vice President - Student Services
- Dean of Technology
- Dean of Research \& Institutional Planning
- Provosts of both Centers
- Data Steward
- President attends when able

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## College of the Sequoias -

 Enrollment Management TeamGeneral Agenda items:

1. FTES projection updates
2. Course scheduling and fill rates - do we need to implement late start courses, more courses on certain campuses, more courses in a certain program/division, more online or hybrid courses, etc.
3. LHE/FTES efficiency analysis

| Year | Actual FTES | Funded FTES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2000-01$ | $8,149.45$ | $8,204.79$ |
| $2001-02$ | $8,419.17$ | $8,419.17$ |
| $2002-03$ | $8,506.82$ | $8,506.82$ |
| $2003-04$ | $8,510.76$ | $8,510.76$ |
| $2004-05$ | $8,620.16$ | $8,620.16$ |
| $2005-06$ | $7,582.27$ | $8,620.16$ |
| $2006-07$ | $8,929.55$ | $8,929.55$ |
| $2007-08$ | $8,209.56$ | $8,929.55$ |
| $2008-09$ | $10,160.04$ | $9,042.35$ |
| $2009-10$ | $10,614.57$ | $8,696.69$ |
| $2010-11$ | $10,561.93$ | $8,945.00$ |
| $2011-12$ | $9,033.30$ | $8,261.13$ |
| $2012-13$ | $8,646.55$ | $8,466.31$ |
| $2013-14$ | $9,448.98$ | $8,713.55$ |
| $2014-15$ | $8,868.90$ | $8,868.90$ |
| $2015-16$ | $9,430.00$ | $9,400.00$ |
| $2016-17$ | $9,700.21$ | $9,700.21$ |
| $2017-18$ | $10,337.26$ | $10,330.79$ |
| $2018-19$ | $10,164.00 ?$ | up to earned? |

## COS FTES Update

Historical Perspective

## COS Actual Funding Calculations 18-19

Apportionment Calculation Under Proposed New Funding Formula for 2018-19

| Calculation of FTES |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FY16/17 | FY17/18 | FY18/19 | FY19/20 | FY20/21 |
|  | Actual | Annual | Base | Base | Base |
| Credit (excluding special admit) | 8,805.96 | 9,242.04 | 9,242.12 | 9,242.12 | 9,242.12 |
| Special Admit |  | 443.21 | 465.38 | 465.38 | 465.38 |
| Non-Credit |  | 472.08 | 472.08 | * 344.80 | 344.80 |
| CDCP |  | 173.46 | 139.24 | * 109.19 | 109.19 |
| Total Funded FTES |  | 10,330.79 | 10,318.82 | 10,161.49 | 10,161.49 |
| 3 year average Credit |  |  | 9,096.71 | 9,242.09 | 9,242.12 |
| Funded FTES |  | 10,330.79 | 10,173.41 | 10,161.46 | 10,161.49 |

* Actual Non-Credit is 344.80 ; Actual CDCP is 109.19


## IEPI <br> COS Actual Funding Calculations 18-19

## Sequoias Community College District Apportionment Calculation Under Proposed New Funding Formula for 2018-19



## COS Enrollment Management FTES

2018-19 FTES as of April 15, 2019:
Assume zero growth for spring and summer 2019 (SALY)

| 2018-19 | Actual <br> Hours of <br> Attendance | Weekly <br> Attendance <br> Method | Indep <br> Weekly <br> Attdc Meth | Daily <br> Attendance <br> Method | Indep Daily <br> Attendance <br> Method | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Summer 2018 <br> Session 3 | 47 |  |  | 121 | 37 | 205 |
| Fall 2018 | 488 | 3,925 | 336 | 39 | 129 | 4,917 |
| Spring 2019 | 396 | 3,541 | 321 | 88 | 129 | $4,475^{*}$ |
| Summer 2019 | 10 |  |  | 392 | 157 | $559^{*}$ |

Sessions 1\&2
TOTAL
Reported 10,337 FTES in 17-18, which included a shift of 88. 10,249 = actual
*Not final numbers for spring or summer 2019 - will finalize 6/25/19

## COS: FTES Status Hanford \& Tulare

2018-19 projection based on spring and summer 2018
Same As Last Year

| FTES | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 <br> projected |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hanford | 0 | 0 | 0 | $1,037.00$ | $1,073.49$ | $1,039.00$ |
| Tulare | $2,428.36$ | $2,195.75$ | $2,596.72$ | $1,696.18$ | $1,827.29$ | $1,996.81$ |
|  | Tulare included Hanford FTES these <br> years | First year <br> FTES <br> separated |  | Majority of <br> Tulare growth <br> is ofssite: 81 <br> FTTS |  |  |

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## Calculating FTES

## IEPI

## Full-Time Equivalent Student

1 FTES =
1 student
15 hours per week
2 semesters of 17.5 weeks
(3 quarters of 17.5 weeks)
= 525 contact hours

## Sources of Authority

California Legislature
Education Code
Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges

Title 5 of the California Code of<br>Regulations

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## FTES Calculation

- Clock Hour
- Class Hour
- Passing time/break
- Partial class hour
- Multiple hour class


## |EP|

## Clock Hour

A 60-minute time frame that may begin at any time.

Examples: 0800 to 0900
0810 to 0910
0820 to 0920

## Class Hour

- A period of not less than 50 minutes of scheduled instruction or examination
- There can be only one "class hour" in each "clock hour," except as provided for multiple hour classes.


## Class Hour

- A "class hour" is commonly called a "contact hour" or "Student Contact Hour."


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## Passing Time/Brealk

- Each clock hour is composed of one class hour segment and a segment referred to as "passing time" or a "break."
- No additional attendance may be claimed for the 10-minute segment, except for multiple-hour classes.


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## Multiple Hour Class

- A multiple hour class is defined as a class scheduled for more than one clock hour.
- The fractional part of a class hour at the end of a multiple hour class is called a partial class hour.


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## Multiple Hour Class

- Each 50 minutes exclusive of breaks is a class hour.
- A partial class hour beyond the last full clock hour is counted from the $51^{\text {st }}$ minute of the last full clock hour.


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## Multiple Hour Class

- No break is allowed in the last full clock hour or the partial class hour.
- The divisor for the partial class hour is 50 .


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## Multiple Hour Class

- Example: 7:00 p.m. to 10:05 p.m. PCH: 9:51-10:05 = 15 min .

$$
15 / 50=0.3
$$

Total Contact Hours: 3.3

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## Calculate the contact hours:

Class meets from

- 0900 to 0950
- 0900 to 1000
- 0900 to 1005
- 0900 to 1050
- 0900 to 1100
- 0900 to 1105
- 0900 to 1130

Contact hours
1.0
1.0
1.3
2.0
2.0
2.3
2.8

## IEP| Attendance Accounting Methods

- Weekly Student Contact Hour
- Daily Student Contact Hour
- Actual Hours of Attendance (Positive Attendance)
- Alternative Attendance Accounting Method (Independent Study/Work Experience)
- Noncredit Distance Education


## IEP| Weekly Student Contact Hour

- Primary terms only
- Course coterminous with primary term
- Must meet regularly every week of the term
- Same number of contact hours each week including TBA hours
- No deductions for holidays


## Census Week

- The week nearest to $20 \%$ of the number of weeks in the primary term
- Census date is Monday of census week
- If that Monday is a holiday, census date is the following day


## Term Length Multiplier

- Number of weeks in primary term with at least three days of instruction and/or examination
- The term length multiplier for each college is set by the CCC Chancellor's Office based on the college's academic calendar
- Maximum TLM: 17.5 for semesters
11.67 for quarters


## FTES Calculation (WSCH)

- Multiply Census Week WSCH by the TLM and divide by 525

$$
\text { FTES }=(C W S C H \times T L M) / 525
$$

Example: Class meets 3 hours/week 30 students enrolled on Census Day TLM = 17.5

$$
\text { FTES }=(3 \times 30 \times 17.5) / 525=3.00
$$

## IEP| Daily Student Contact Hour

- Course meets five or more days
- Meets the same number of hours on each scheduled day, including any TBA hours
- NOT coterminous with primary term
- No hours counted for holidays


## Census Day

- The day of the class meeting that is nearest $20 \%$ of the number of days the course is scheduled to meet
- When the census day falls on the first day the class meets, census is taken on the second day.


## Course Length Multiplier

- Number of days the course is scheduled to meet (CLM)


## FTES Calculation (DSCH)

- Multiply Census Day DSCH by the Course Length Multiplier and divide by 525

FTES $=($ CDSCH $\times$ CLM $) / 525$
Example: Course meets 2 hours per day 30 students enrolled on Census Day Course meets on 24 days
FTES $=(2 \times 30 \times 24) / 525=2.74$

## Positive Attendance

- Based on actual count of enrolled students present at each class meeting
- Courses meeting fewer than five days
- Courses irregularly scheduled with respect to the number of days per week or the number of hours on scheduled days
- All noncredit courses except noncredit distance education


## FTES Calculation (PA)

- Divide total hours of actual attendance by 525

$$
\text { FTES = PAH / } 525
$$

# Maximizing FTES for Traditional (Face-to-Face) Credit Classes 

Best:
Weekly Census
Second Best: Daily Census
Worst:
Positive Attendance

# Alternative Attendance Accounting Method (Independent Study/Work Experience) 

- WSCH method for courses coterminous with primary term
- DSCH method for all other courses


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## Alternative Attendance Accounting Method (Independent Study/Work Experience)

- One weekly student contact hours is counted for each unit of credit for which the student is enrolled as of the census date or day.
- Lab hours, when appropriate, can be added to the contact hours derived from units of credit


## Distance Education (Credit)

- Until 2002, all distance education courses had to be assigned to the Independent Study/Work Experience attendance accounting method.
- Current regulations allow any appropriate accounting method to be used for distance education courses.


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## Alternative Attendance Accounting Method (Independent Study/Work Experience)

- Multiply number of students enrolled as of census by the number of "weekly contact hours"; multiply by the Term Length Multiplier; divide by 525.

FTES = (\# Students x "WCH" x TLM) / 525

## Noncredit Distance Education

- Two census dates
- First census: $20 \%$ point of class duration
- Second census: $60 \%$ point of class duration


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## Noncredit Distance Education

- Calculate the total student hours of the course buy adding together:
- Total hours of instruction or programming to be received
- Hours expected for out-of-class work
- Instructor contact hours


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## Noncredit Distance Education

- Divide the total hours per student by 54 to obtain the WSCH factor.
- Multiply the WSCH factor by the number of students actively enrolled as of the two census dates to obtain the WSCH.
- Multiply the WSCH by 17.5 to calculate the Total Student Contact Hours (TSCH).


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## Noncredit Distance Education

- Calculate the average of the Total Student Contact Hours (TSCH) as of the two census dates.
- Divide that average by 525 to calculate the FTES of the class.

FTES = Average TSCH / 525

## IEPI

## Full-Time Equivalent Student (FTES) Reporting Periods

First Period: July 1 - December 31
Second Period: January 1 - April 15
Third Period: April 16 - June 30
Reports due: January 15
April 20
July 15

## When to Report a Section

- Attendance for weekly and daily census sections is reported in the period in which the census date falls.
- Attendance for positive attendance sections is reported in the period in which the last class meeting occurs.


## When to Report a Section

- Summer Shift Exception: Attendance for daily census sections with census date before July 1 and ending date after July 1 may be reported in either fiscal year.


## |EP| Frequently Observed Errors

- Hybrid courses inappropriately assigned to the Weekly Census or Daily Census method
- Daily Census courses with "weekly" lab hours
- Summer courses assigned to Weekly Census
- Summer courses reported in the wrong year, or reported in both years
- Catalog hours reported rather than Schedule hours
- TBA hours irregularities


## |EP| Questions?

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